

Er:YSGG crystals

Er,Cr:YSGG crystals

Active elements from Erbium doped Yttrium

Scandium Gallium Garnet crystals

(Er:Y₃Sc₂Ga₃O₁₂ or Er:YSGG), single crystals, are designed for diode pumped solid-state lasers radiating in the 3 μm range. Er:YSGG crystals show the perspectiveness of their application alongside with the widely used Er:YAG, Er:GGG and Er:YLF crystals.

Flash lamp pumped solid-state lasers based on Cr,Nd and Cr,Er doped Yttrium Scandium Gallium Garnet crystals (Cr,Nd:Y₃Sc₂Ga₃O₁₂ or Cr,Nd:YSGG and Cr,Er:Y₃Sc₂Ga₃O₁₂ or Cr,Er:YSGG) have a higher efficiency than those based on Nd:YAG and Er:YAG.



Active elements manufactured from YSGG crystals are optimum for medium power pulse lasers with the repetition rates of up to several tens of cycles. The advantages of YSGG crystals compared with YAG crystals are lost when large size elements are used because of the worse thermal characteristics of YSGG crystals.

Er:YSGG crystals/ Er,Cr:YSGG crystals



- . scientific investigations
- . medical applications, lithotripsy
- . medical applications, scientific investigations

Technical Parameters:

| | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Rod Diameters | up to 15 mm |
| Diameter Tolerance: | +0.0000 / -0.0020 in |
| Length Tolerance | +0.040 / -0.000 in |
| Tilt / Wedge Angle | ±5 min |
| Chamfer | 0.005 ±0.003 in |
| Chamfer Angle | 45 deg ±5 deg |
| Barrel Finish | 55 micro-inch ±5 micro-inch |
| Parallelism | 30 arc seconds |
| End Figure | $\lambda / 10$ wave at 633 nm |
| Perpendicularity | 5 arc minutes |
| Surface Quality | 10 - 5 scratch-dig |
| Wavefront Distortion | 1/2 wave per inch of length |

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| Basic properties | | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| Crystal | Er ₃₊ :YSGG | Cr ₃₊ ,Er ₃₊ :YSGG | Termooptical factor (dn/dT) $7 \times 10^{-6} \text{ x } ^\circ \text{ K}^{-1}$ - |
| Crystal structure | cubic | cubic | Generated wavelength, μm 2.797; 2.823 - |
| Dopant concentration | 30 - 50 at.% | Cr: $(1 \div 2) \times 10^{20}$; Er: 4×10^{21} | Lasing wavelength, μm - 2.791 |
| Spatial group | Oh ₁₀ | Oh ₁₀ | Refractive index - 1.9263 |
| Lattice constant, Å | 12.42 | 12.42 | Termooptical factor (dn/dT) - $12.3 \times 10^{-6} \text{ x } ^\circ \text{ K}^{-1}$ |
| Density, g/cm ³ | 5.2 | 5.2 | Ultimate lasing regimes - overall efficiency 2.1% |
| Orientation | <001>, <111> | <001>, <111> | Free running mode - slope efficiency 3.0% |
| Mohs hardness | >7 | > 7 | Ultimate lasing regimes - overall efficiency 0.16% |
| Thermal expansion coefficient | $8.1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ x } ^\circ \text{ K}^{-1}$ | $8.1 \times 10^{-6} \text{ x } ^\circ \text{ K}^{-1}$ | Electro-optical Q-switch - slope efficiency 0.38% |
| Thermal conductivity, W x cm ⁻¹ x $^\circ \text{ K}^{-1}$ | 0.079 | 0.06 | Sizes, (dia x length), mm - from 3 x 30 to 12.7 x 127.0 |
| Refractive index, at 1.064 μm | 1.926 | | Fields of applications - material processing, medical applications, scientific investigations |
| Lifetime, μs | - | 1400 | |
| Emission cross-section, cm ² | | 5.2×10^{-21} | |
| Relative (to YAG) efficiency of transformation of energy of the flash lamp | - | 1.5 | |